

Kentucky Summative Assessments



Grade 10 Mathematics **Released Items** 2024



1

MA1020100_1,4

A cube has sides of length $\sqrt[3]{7}$ inches.

Which expressions represent the volume, in cubic inches, of this cube?

Select **two** correct answers.

A $(7)^{\frac{3}{3}}$

B $(7^3)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

C $(7^{\frac{1}{3}})^{\frac{1}{3}}$

D $(7^{\frac{1}{3}})^3$

E $(7^{\frac{1}{2}})^3$



Released Item Performance

Kentucky Summative Assessments

Spring 2024

Grade 10

Mathematics

Item: MA1020100

Book Question Number: 1

Standard: KY.HS.N.1

Item Type: MS

Key: A,D

Student Group	Number of Students	Percent Correct	Average Item Score	Item Breakout Statistics - Score Percentages		
				Score 0 (%)	Score 1 (%)	Score 2 (%)
All Students	23,067	46.8%	0.94	28%	50%	22%
Gender						
Female	11,008	46.3%	0.93	29%	49%	22%
Male	12,058	47.3%	0.95	27%	51%	22%
Ethnicity						
African American	2,571	45.0%	0.90	28%	53%	18%
American Indian or Alaska Native	30	50.0%	1.00	17%	67%	17%
Asian	416	57.1%	1.14	22%	42%	36%
Hispanic or Latino	2,323	44.9%	0.90	28%	54%	18%
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	52	36.5%	0.73	38%	50%	12%
White (non-Hispanic)	16,660	47.2%	0.94	28%	49%	23%
Two or more races	1,013	45.6%	0.91	29%	51%	20%
Migrant						
Migrant	133	45.1%	0.90	26%	57%	17%
English Learner						
English Learner	1,239	44.4%	0.89	27%	57%	16%
Economically Disadvantaged						
Economically Disadvantaged	13,650	45.2%	0.90	28%	53%	19%
Students with Disabilities						
Students with Disabilities	3,650	44.6%	0.89	27%	58%	16%



2

MA1020046

A customer can rent a party room at a restaurant. The cost to rent a room is \$150 for up to 10 guests and \$12 for each additional guest after the tenth guest.

- Write an equation that can be used to determine the total cost of renting a room, $C(x)$, if x guests attend.
- What is the total charge, in dollars, to rent a party room for 15 guests?

Enter **only** your equation and your answer in the space provided.

$C(x) = \square$

Total charge for 15 guests: \$ \square

	+	-	×	÷	$\frac{\square}{\square}$	$\frac{\square\square}{\square\square}$
	y^x	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt[3]{}$	=	()



Released Item Performance

Kentucky Summative Assessments

Spring 2024

Grade 10

Mathematics

Item: MA1020046

Book Question Number: 2

Standard: KY.HS.F.12

Item Type: SA

Key: Rubric

Student Group	Number of Students	Percent Correct	Average Item Score	Item Breakout Statistics - Score Percentages		
				Score 0 (%)	Score 1 (%)	Score 2 (%)
All Students	35,843	33.4%	0.67	37%	58%	4%
Gender						
Female	17,991	32.6%	0.65	39%	58%	4%
Male	17,852	34.3%	0.69	36%	59%	5%
Ethnicity						
African American	3,830	22.5%	0.45	56%	43%	1%
American Indian or Alaska Native	44	30.7%	0.61	39%	61%	0%
Asian	677	42.7%	0.85	29%	57%	14%
Hispanic or Latino	3,371	27.1%	0.54	48%	50%	2%
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	63	33.3%	0.67	37%	60%	3%
White (non-Hispanic)	26,236	35.7%	0.71	33%	62%	5%
Two or more races	1,621	31.8%	0.64	39%	58%	3%
Migrant						
Migrant	134	17.9%	0.36	64%	36%	0%
English Learner						
English Learner	1,471	12.6%	0.25	75%	24%	0%
Economically Disadvantaged						
Economically Disadvantaged	20,330	29.0%	0.58	44%	54%	2%
Students with Disabilities						
Students with Disabilities	1,979	19.4%	0.39	63%	36%	2%

**Overtime Pay**

Katie has a job at a supermarket.

- She earns an hourly rate of \$8 for each hour that she works in a 40-hour workweek.
- For each overtime hour (that is each hour that she works over 40 hours in a week), she earns an hourly rate that is 1.5 times her regular hourly rate.

Part A

Katie wants to earn a total of at least \$1,500 working at her job during the next 4 weeks. She plans to work at least 40 hours each week.

- What is the amount, in dollars, that Katie is paid for each overtime hour?
- Write an inequality that can be used to determine the number of overtime hours (x) Katie would have to work in the next 4 weeks to earn a total of at least \$1,500.

Enter your answer and your inequality in the space provided.

Part B

Katie is only allowed to work in whole hour increments. Determine the number of overtime hours (x) Katie would have to work in the next 4 weeks to earn a total of at least \$1,500.

Show your work.

Enter your answer and your work in the space provided.



Released Item Performance

Kentucky Summative Assessments

Spring 2024

Grade 10

Mathematics

Item: MA1019056*

Book Question Number: 3

Standard: KY.HS.A.12

Item Type: ER

Key: Rubric

Student Group	Number of Students	Percent Correct	Average Item Score	Item Breakout Statistics - Score Percentages				
				Score 0 (%)	Score 1 (%)	Score 2 (%)	Score 3 (%)	Score 4 (%)
All Students	43,698	19.6%	0.79	48%	32%	15%	2%	2%
Gender								
Female	21,910	19.7%	0.79	49%	32%	14%	3%	3%
Male	21,787	19.6%	0.78	48%	32%	15%	2%	2%
Ethnicity								
African American	4,355	9.8%	0.39	70%	23%	6%	1%	1%
American Indian or Alaska Native	54	16.7%	0.67	56%	24%	19%	2%	0%
Asian	865	31.8%	1.27	32%	33%	20%	7%	9%
Hispanic or Latino	4,159	13.6%	0.54	61%	26%	10%	1%	1%
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	88	16.5%	0.66	59%	24%	11%	3%	2%
White (non-Hispanic)	32,284	21.6%	0.86	44%	34%	17%	3%	3%
Two or more races	1,890	17.6%	0.70	52%	32%	12%	1%	2%
Migrant								
Migrant	203	7.6%	0.31	75%	19%	5%	0%	0%
English Learner								
English Learner	1,897	3.7%	0.15	87%	11%	2%	0%	0%
Economically Disadvantaged								
Economically Disadvantaged	24,668	15.0%	0.60	57%	29%	11%	1%	1%
Students with Disabilities								
Students with Disabilities	4,438	6.5%	0.26	81%	14%	4%	1%	1%

* Calculator section

Rubric

Rubric	
Score Point 4	Student scores 4 points.
Score Point 3	Student scores 3 or 3.5 points.
Score Point 2	Student scores 2 or 2.5 points.
Score Point 1	Student scores 0.5, 1, or 1.5 points. OR Student demonstrates a minimal understanding of creating an inequality in one variable and using it to solve a problem.
Score Point 0	Student response is completely incorrect or irrelevant.
Blank	No student response.
Score Points	<p>Part A</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Score 2 points: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Correct answer of \$12 and correct inequality. Score 1.5 points: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Correct answer of \$12 and did not use the "equal to" when setting up the correct inequality. OR Correct inequality, $12x + 1280 \geq 1500$, without identifying the correct dollar amount Katie is paid for overtime. OR One mistake with correct work shown for the otherwise correct inequality using the correct "equal to". Score 1 point: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Correct answer of \$12 and an incorrect inequality. OR Correct inequality, $[gap1]x + 1280 \geq 1500$, based on an incorrect answer for Katie's hourly overtime rate, where [gap1] refers to the incorrect value for overtime pay rate. Score 0.5 point: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Correct inequality excluding the use of the correct "equal to" with an incorrect or missing answer for Katie's hourly overtime rate. OR \$12 and no inequality. <p>Part B</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Score 2 points: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Correct and reasonable answer based on the solution to the inequality from Part A with all work shown. OR Correct answer of "at least 19 hours" with all work shown (did not use the inequality from Part A). Score 1.5 points: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Correct solution $18 \frac{1}{3}$ with all work shown but did not correctly answer the question in terms of the context, i.e. rounded to a whole hour increment. Score 1 point: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Correct answer with incorrect or no work shown. OR

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Minor error in work results in a reasonable solution in regards to the context. • Score 0.5 point: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Correct work and solution for an incorrect inequality where the inequality does not make sense in regards to the context.
Correct Answers	<p>Part A \$12 $12x + 1280 \geq 1500$</p> <p>Part B $12x + 1280 \geq 1500$ $12x \geq 220$ $x \geq 18 \frac{1}{3}$</p> <p>OR $12x + 1280 \geq 1500$ $12x \geq 220$ $x \geq 18.\overline{33}$</p> <p>Katie would need to work at least 19 hours of overtime.</p> <p>Note: Part B is dependent on Part A, student should not be penalized for correctly solving an incorrect inequality from Part A as long as the inequality makes sense with the context.</p>

Anchor Set

A1

Part A

$$4 + 40x = 1,500$$

$$x = 37.4$$

She gets paid 4.675 dollars each overtime hour.

Part B

$$4 + 40x = 1,500$$

$$x = 37.4$$

She would have to work at least 5 total overtime hours.

Anchor Annotation, Paper 1**Score Point 0**

The response receives no credit. The student demonstrates no understanding of the given task.

Part A, SP: 0

The student response is completely incorrect or irrelevant. The student provides an incorrect answer (*paid 4.675 dollars each overtime hour*) and no inequality. The student provides an equation instead.

Part B, SP: 0

The student response is completely incorrect or irrelevant. The student provides an incorrect answer (*work at least 5 total overtime hours*) with incorrect work.

A2

Part A

Katie gets paid an extra amount of \$4 for every hour of overtime.

Katie would have to work an total of 375 hours worth of hour time only to get \$1500

Part B

$1500/4 = 375$ She gets only 4 extra dollars per hour of overtime therefore she only needs to work an extra of 375 more hours to get a total of \$1500

Anchor Annotation, Paper 2**Score Point 0**

The response receives no credit. The student demonstrates no understanding of the given task.

Part A, SP: 0

The student response is completely incorrect or irrelevant.

The student provides an incorrect answer (*paid an eatra amount of \$4 for every hour of overtime*) and no inequality. The prompt asks for the total hourly overtime pay not the extra amount above her regular hourly rate.

Part B, SP: 0

The student response is completely incorrect or irrelevant. The student provides an incorrect answer (*work an extra of 375 more hours*) with incorrect work.

Part A

The amount Katie is paid for each overtime is \$11.27.

$$y = 8x + b$$

$$40x = 320$$

$$320/7 = 45.5 \text{ dollars a week including the overtime}$$

Part B

To get \$1,550 in the next week she would have to work at least 12 hours of overtime

$$1550/4 = 38.54$$

That would be how much money she would make in overtime

Anchor Annotation, Paper 3**Score Point 0**

The response receives no credit. The student demonstrates no understanding of the given task.

Part A, SP: 0

The student response is completely incorrect or irrelevant. The student provides an incorrect answer (\$11.27) and no inequality. The student provides an equation instead.

Part B, SP: 0

The student response is completely incorrect or irrelevant. The student provides an incorrect answer (*work at least 12 hours of overtime*) with incorrect work.

Part A

She would have to work 19 overtime hours.

Part B

She would have to work 19 overtime hours.... again.

Anchor Annotation, Paper 4**Score Point 1**

The response receives partial credit. The student demonstrates a minimal understanding of the given task.

Part A, SP: 0

The student response is completely incorrect or irrelevant. The student provides an incorrect answer (*work 19 overtime hours*) and no inequality. The answer given is number of overtime hours rather than overtime pay rate.

Part B, SP: 1

- The student provides the correct answer (*work 19 overtime hours*) with incorrect or no work shown. This is the first bullet for score point 1 in rubric for Part B.

Part A

Katie would get paid \$12 for each hour of overtime she works.

Part B

Katie would have to work 295 hours of overtime in order to get the amount of money she wants in a four week time period.

Anchor Annotation, Paper 5**Score Point 1**

The response receives partial credit. The student demonstrates a minimal understanding of the given task.

Part A, SP: 0.5

- The student provides the correct answer (*\$12 for each hour of overtime*) and no inequality. This is the second bullet for score point 0.5 in rubric for Part A.

Part B, SP: 0

The student response is completely incorrect or irrelevant. The student provides an incorrect answer (*work 295 hours of overtime*) with no work or explanation to award credit for process.

Per the rubric, a response that earns 0.5 points total for Parts A and B receives a holistic score of 1.

Part A

A. Katie is paid \$12.00 for every overtime hour.

B. Katie would have to work 18.3 hours.

Part B

Katie would have to work 19 overtime hours.

Anchor Annotation, Paper 6**Score Point 1**

The response receives partial credit. The student demonstrates a minimal understanding of the given task.

Part A, SP: 0.5

- The student provides the correct answer (*\$12.00 for every overtime hour*) and no inequality. This is the second bullet for score point 0.5 in the rubric for Part A.

Part B, SP: 1

- Correct answer (*work 19 overtime hours*) with incorrect or no work shown. This is the first bullet for score point 1 in the rubric for Part B.

Per the rubric, a response that earns 1.5 points total for Parts A and B receives a holistic score of 1.

Part A

Katie is paid \$12 for each overtime hour.

Katie would need to work overtime for about 18 hours and 25 minutes

Part B

x = overtime hours

$$12x + (8 \times 4) 40 = 1500$$

$$12x + 1280 = 1500$$

$$12x = 220$$

$$x = 18.4$$

Katie would need to work 19 hours overtime

Anchor Annotation, Paper 7**Score Point 2**

The response receives partial credit. The student demonstrates a limited understanding of the given task.

Part A, SP: 0.5

- The student provides the correct answer (*. . . \$12 for each overtime hour*) and no inequality. This is the second bullet for score point 0.5 in the rubric for Part A.

Part B, SP: 2

- The student provides the correct answer (*. . . work 19 hours overtime*) with all work shown ($12x+1280=1500$; $12x=220$). The student provided no inequality in Part A but did include an equation and work in Part B that is based on the appropriate inequality. This is the second bullet for score point 2 in the rubric for Part B.

Per the rubric, a response that earns 2.5 points total for Parts A and B receives a holistic score of 2.

Part A

Katie would have to work 18 overtime hours.

$$12(x) \geq 220$$

Part B

19 hours. $1500 - 1280 = 220$ $220/12 = 18.3333$ so she would have to work 19 hours because of only being able to work in hour increments.

Anchor Annotation, Paper 8
Score Point 2

The response receives partial credit. The student demonstrates a limited understanding of the given task.

Part A, SP: 0

The student response is completely incorrect or irrelevant.

The student provides an incorrect answer (. . . *18 overtime hours*). This should be rate of overtime pay not number of hours. The inequality $(12(x) \geq 220)$ is missing the original values expected in the correct inequality so it does not make sense related to the context of the prompt.

Part B, SP: 2

- The student provides a correct and reasonable answer based on the solution to the inequality from Part A (. . . *work 19 hours*) with all work shown ($1500 - 1280 = 220$; $220/12 = 18.3333$). The first line of work shows how the student got the value of 220 in their inequality from Part A.

Part A

- 12 dollars every overtime hour.
- $1500 = 4(40(8)) + 12x$

Part B

$$1500 = 4(40(8)) + 12x$$

$$1500 = 1280 + 12x$$

$$220 = 12x$$

$$x = 18.333333$$

since she can't work a third of an hour, she will have to round up and work 19 overtime hours.

Anchor Annotation, Paper 9**Score Point 2**

The response receives partial credit. The student demonstrates a limited understanding of the given task.

Part A, SP: 0.5

- The student provides the correct answer (*12 dollars every overtime hour*) and no inequality ($1500=4(40(8))+12x$). The student has all the terms for the correct inequality but writes it as an equation using an equal symbol. The hyphens were interpreted as bullets not minus signs. This is the second bullet for score point 0.5 in rubric for Part A.

Part B, SP: 2

- The student provides a correct and reasonable answer based on the solution to the inequality from Part A (*. . . work 19 overtime hours*) with all work shown ($1500=1280+12x$; $220=12x$; $x=18.333333$). The student provided an equation in Part A but knew to round up answer to next whole number for overtime hours. This is the first bullet for score point 2 in rubric for Part B.

Per the rubric, a response that earns 2.5 points total for Parts A and B receives a holistic score of 2.

Part A

a.) $8 \div 2 = 4$

$8 + 4 = 12$

\$12 for each overtime hour

b.) $1500 \geq (8 \times 40)(4) + 12x$

Part B

$(8 \times 40) = 320$

$320 \times 4 = 1280$

$1500 - 1280 = 220$

$220 \div 12 = 18.3333333333...$

Katie would have to work 19 hours in the next 4 weeks to make at least \$1500.

Anchor Annotation, Paper 10**Score Point 3**

The response receives partial credit. The student demonstrates a general understanding of the given task.

Part A, SP: 1

- The student provides the correct answer (*\$12 for each over time hour*) and an incorrect inequality ($1500 \geq (8 \times 40)(4) + 12x$). The student has all the terms for the correct inequality but reversed the direction of the inequality symbol. This is the first bullet for score point 1.5 in the rubric for Part A

Part B, SP: 2

- The student provides a correct answer (*. . . work 19 hours*) with all work shown ($1500 - 1280 = 220$; $220 \div 12 = 18.3333333333...$) but didn't use the inequality from Part A. With the inequality reversed in Part A, student should have gone down to the next whole number. Disregard this error since score was already deducted in Part A for wrong direction of inequality symbol. This is the second bullet for score point 2 in the rubric for Part B.

Part A

She earns \$12 each hour when working overtime.

$$1500 < 1280 + 12x$$

Part B

$$1500 < 1280 + 12x$$

$$220 = 12x$$

$$x = 18.3333$$

$$x = 19$$

She will have to work 19 overtime hours.

Anchor Annotation, Paper 11**Score Point 3**

The response receives partial credit. The student demonstrates a general understanding of the given task.

Part A, SP: 1.5

- The student provides the correct answer (. . . *\$12 each hour*) and did not use the "equal to" when setting up the correct inequality ($1500 < 1280 + 12x$). The student has switched all values on both sides of the inequality from the inequality given in the rubric but has also correctly changed the direction of the inequality symbol. This is the first bullet for score point 1.5 in the rubric for Part A

Part B, SP: 2

- The student provides a correct and reasonable answer based on the solution to the inequality from Part A (. . . *work 19 overtime hours*) with all work shown ($220 = 12x$; $x = 18.3333$). This is the first bullet for score point 2 in the rubric for Part B

Per the rubric, a response that earns 3.5 points total for Parts A and B receives a holistic score of 3.

Part A

$$8(40) + ot = r \quad ot = 8(1.5) = 12$$

$$4(320) + ot(12) \geq 1500$$

Part B

$$4(320) + x(12) = 1500$$

$$x = 18.3$$

Anchor Annotation, Paper 12**Score Point 3**

The response receives partial credit. The student demonstrates a general understanding of the given task.

Part A, SP: 2

- The student provides the correct answer ($ot=8(1.5)=12$) and correct inequality ($4(320)+ot(12)\geq 1500$). The answer does not require a label since it was given in the prompt. The letters ot used in the inequality are seen together as one variable.

Part B, SP: 1

- The student provides a correct answer ($x=18.3$) with incorrect or no work shown. The student essentially restates the inequality from Part A which is missing intermediate work. Also, the student did not correctly answer the question in terms of the context, i.e. rounding up to a whole hour. This is the first bullet for score point 2 in the rubric for Part B.

Part A

Katie is paid \$12 for each overtime hour she works.

$$1,280 + 12x \geq 1,500$$

Part B

Katie will have to work 19 hours in order to make at least \$1,500

$$1,280 + 12x \geq 1,500$$

$$1,280 + 12 \times (19) = \$1,508$$

Anchor Annotation, Paper 13**Score Point 4**

The response receives full credit. The student demonstrates a complete and thorough understanding of the given task.

Part A, SP: 2

- The student provides the correct answer (. . . *\$12 for each overtime hour*) and correct inequality ($1,280 + 12x \geq 1,500$).

Part B, SP: 2

- The student provides a correct and reasonable answer based on the solution to the inequality from Part A (*Katie will have to work 19 hours*) with all work shown ($1,280 + 12 \times (19) = \$1,508$). This response uses a guess and check method, which is acceptable. This is the first bullet for score point 2 in the rubric for Part B.

Part A

For each overtime hour Katie is paid 12 dollars.

$$1500 \leq 1280 + 12x$$

Part B

Katie would have to work 19 full hours of overtime to make at least \$1500.

$$1500 - 1280 = 220 \quad 220 \div 12 = 18.33 = 19 \text{ overtime hours}$$

Anchor Annotation, Paper 14**Score Point 4**

The response receives full credit. The student demonstrates a complete and thorough understanding of the given task.

Part A, SP: 2

- The student provides the correct answer (. . . *12 dollars*) and correct inequality ($1500 \leq 1280 + 12x$). The student has switched all values on both sides of the inequality from the inequality given in the rubric but has also correctly changed the direction of the inequality symbol.

Part B, SP: 2

- The student provides a correct and reasonable answer based on the solution to the inequality from Part A (. . . *19 full hours of overtime*) with all work shown ($1500 - 1280 = 220$; $220 \div 12 = 18.33$). This is the first bullet for score point 2 in the rubric for Part B.

Part A

Katie gets paid \$12 an hour for each overtime hour.

Katie makes \$320 a week working 40 hours a week, which puts her making \$1280 in four weeks. This means she needs to make \$220 to make at least a total of \$1500.

$$\$12x + \$1280 \geq \$1500$$

Part B

$$\$12x + \$1280 \geq \$1500$$

-1280 on both sides

$$12x \geq 220$$

$$12 \div 12 \quad 220 \div 12$$

$$x \geq 18.3 \text{ repeating}$$

Katie would have to work at least 19 hours of overtime to make at least \$1500.

Anchor Annotation, Paper 15**Score Point 4**

The response receives full credit. The student demonstrates a complete and thorough understanding of the given task.

Part A, SP: 2

- The student provides the correct answer (\$12 an hour) and correct inequality ($\$12x + \$1280 \geq \$1500$).

Part B, SP: 2

- The student provides a correct and reasonable answer based on the solution to the inequality from Part A (. . . at least 19 hours of overtime) with all work shown (. . . $12x \geq 220$; $220 \div 12$; $x \geq 18.3$ repeating). This is the first bullet for score point 2 in the rubric for Part B.



4

MA1019045_2

Which expression is equivalent to

$$(x^2 + y)(x + y^2)?$$

A $x^3 + y^3$

B $x^3 + x^2y^2 + xy + y^3$

C $x^3 + 2xy + y^3$

D $x^3 + 2x^2y^2 + y^3$



Released Item Performance

Kentucky Summative Assessments

Spring 2024

Grade 10

Mathematics

Item: MA1019045*

Book Question Number: 4

Standard: KY.HS.A.5

Item Type: MC

Key: B

Student Group	Number of Students	Percent Correct	Average Item Score	Item Breakout Statistics - Answer Choice Options			
				A (%)	B (%)	C (%)	D (%)
All Students	49,384	35%	0.35	44%	35%	15%	7%
Gender							
Female	24,205	34%	0.34	46%	34%	13%	6%
Male	25,178	35%	0.35	41%	35%	16%	7%
Ethnicity							
African American	5,468	29%	0.29	43%	29%	20%	8%
American Indian or Alaska Native	62	27%	0.27	42%	27%	21%	10%
Asian	921	59%	0.59	28%	59%	9%	4%
Hispanic or Latino	4,872	30%	0.30	44%	30%	17%	8%
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	96	30%	0.30	43%	30%	19%	8%
White (non-Hispanic)	35,740	36%	0.36	44%	36%	13%	6%
Two or more races	2,222	34%	0.34	43%	34%	16%	6%
Migrant							
Migrant	242	26%	0.26	44%	26%	21%	8%
English Learner							
English Learner	2,436	28%	0.28	40%	28%	22%	10%
Economically Disadvantaged							
Economically Disadvantaged	28,647	29%	0.29	46%	29%	17%	8%
Students with Disabilities							
Students with Disabilities	5,240	30%	0.30	37%	30%	22%	10%

* Calculator section



MA1020036_stimulus

The owner of a fitness center created a function, $g(x)$, that models the number of fitness center members at the end of each month, x months after lowering the price of membership. The values shown in the table represent the function $g(x)$.

x	$g(x)$
1	85
2	170
3	340

Formula_HS_F_7_b

	Formula
Arithmetic Sequence	$a_n = a_1 + (n - 1)d$
Geometric Sequence	$a_n = a_1 r^{n-1}$

**5**

MA1020036_2720

Based on the function, what is the number of fitness center members that the owner can expect to have 6 months after lowering the price of membership?

Enter your answer in the box.



Released Item Performance

Kentucky Summative Assessments

Spring 2024

Grade 10

Mathematics

Item: MA1020036*

Book Question Number: 5

Standard: KY.HS.F.7.b

Item Type: SA

Key: Rubric

Student Group	Number of Students	Percent Correct	Average Item Score	Item Breakout Statistics - Score Percentages	
				Score 0 (%)	Score 1 (%)
All Students	35,387	35.0%	0.35	65%	35%
Gender					
Female	17,767	33.9%	0.34	66%	34%
Male	17,620	36.1%	0.36	64%	36%
Ethnicity					
African American	3,712	20.4%	0.20	80%	20%
American Indian or Alaska Native	44	22.7%	0.23	77%	23%
Asian	670	51.9%	0.52	48%	52%
Hispanic or Latino	3,297	26.1%	0.26	74%	26%
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	62	27.4%	0.27	73%	27%
White (non-Hispanic)	25,997	38.0%	0.38	62%	38%
Two or more races	1,604	31.6%	0.32	68%	32%
Migrant					
Migrant	128	19.5%	0.20	80%	20%
English Learner					
English Learner	1,416	10.4%	0.10	90%	10%
Economically Disadvantaged					
Economically Disadvantaged	20,005	27.9%	0.28	72%	28%
Students with Disabilities					
Students with Disabilities	1,951	14.6%	0.15	85%	15%

* Calculator section



MA1020059_stimulus

Circle A is centered at the origin of a coordinate plane with a radius of 4. Circle B is a dilation of circle A by a scale factor of n , centered at the point (x, y) .

Formula_HS_G_15

	Formula
Area	$A = \pi r^2$
Circumference	$C = \pi d$
	$C = 2\pi r$



6

MA1020059_3

Which statement about circle A and circle B is true?

- A** Circle A and circle B are only similar when $n = 4$.
- B** Circle A and circle B are only similar when $x = 0$ and $y = 0$.
- C** Circle A and circle B are always similar for all values of x , y , and n .
- D** Circle A and circle B are never similar because a dilation changes the size of a circle.



Released Item Performance

Kentucky Summative Assessments

Spring 2024

Grade 10

Mathematics

Item: MA1020059*

Book Question Number: 6

Standard: KY.HS.G.15

Item Type: MC

Key: C

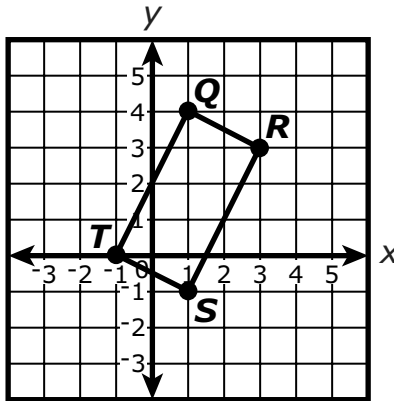
Student Group	Number of Students	Percent Correct	Average Item Score	Item Breakout Statistics - Answer Choice Options			
				A (%)	B (%)	C (%)	D (%)
All Students	25,870	30%	0.30	18%	20%	30%	32%
Gender							
Female	13,002	28%	0.28	18%	19%	28%	34%
Male	12,868	32%	0.32	18%	20%	32%	30%
Ethnicity							
African American	2,819	31%	0.31	16%	22%	31%	31%
American Indian or Alaska Native	32	25%	0.25	16%	16%	25%	44%
Asian	494	33%	0.33	13%	19%	33%	35%
Hispanic or Latino	2,452	29%	0.29	19%	19%	29%	33%
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	44	27%	0.27	11%	34%	27%	27%
White (non-Hispanic)	18,839	30%	0.30	18%	20%	30%	32%
Two or more races	1,189	31%	0.31	18%	17%	31%	33%
Migrant							
Migrant	100	30%	0.30	18%	15%	30%	37%
English Learner							
English Learner	1,078	31%	0.31	18%	20%	31%	30%
Economically Disadvantaged							
Economically Disadvantaged	14,692	30%	0.30	19%	20%	30%	32%
Students with Disabilities							
Students with Disabilities	1,471	33%	0.33	19%	20%	33%	29%

* Calculator section



MA1020064_stimulus

The graph of rectangle QRST is shown on the coordinate plane.



Formula_HS_G_23_24

	Formula
Distance	$d = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}$
Midpoint	$M = \left(\frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}, \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2} \right)$

**7**

MA1020064_3

What is the perimeter, in units, of the rectangle?

A $3\sqrt{5}$

B 10

C $6\sqrt{5}$

D 20



Released Item Performance

Kentucky Summative Assessments

Spring 2024

Grade 10

Mathematics

Item: MA1020064*

Book Question Number: 7

Standard: KY.HS.G.24.a

Item Type: MC

Key: C

Student Group	Number of Students	Percent Correct	Average Item Score	Item Breakout Statistics - Answer Choice Options			
				A (%)	B (%)	C (%)	D (%)
All Students	23,804	35%	0.35	27%	27%	35%	11%
Gender							
Female	11,410	33%	0.33	29%	27%	33%	11%
Male	12,393	37%	0.37	26%	26%	37%	11%
Ethnicity							
African American	2,754	31%	0.31	31%	28%	31%	10%
American Indian or Alaska Native	32	44%	0.44	19%	28%	44%	9%
Asian	421	52%	0.52	20%	20%	52%	7%
Hispanic or Latino	2,528	33%	0.33	28%	28%	33%	10%
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	46	37%	0.37	28%	24%	37%	11%
White (non-Hispanic)	16,955	36%	0.36	27%	26%	36%	11%
Two or more races	1,066	33%	0.33	28%	27%	33%	12%
Migrant							
Migrant	167	34%	0.34	33%	25%	34%	8%
English Learner							
English Learner	1,381	30%	0.30	32%	27%	30%	10%
Economically Disadvantaged							
Economically Disadvantaged	14,133	33%	0.33	28%	28%	33%	11%
Students with Disabilities							
Students with Disabilities	3,834	35%	0.35	29%	26%	35%	10%

* Calculator section



8

MA1020084_3

A factory manager collected data to create a linear model that predicts the number of products that will be defective based on the total number of items produced on an assembly line. The correlation coefficient of the model is 0.52. What does the correlation coefficient reveal about the relationship?

- A** There is a strong positive correlation between items produced and defective items.
- B** There is a strong negative correlation between items produced and defective items.
- C** There is a positive correlation between items produced and defective items, but the correlation is not strong.
- D** There is a negative correlation between items produced and defective items, but the correlation is not strong.



Released Item Performance

Kentucky Summative Assessments

Spring 2024

Grade 10

Mathematics

Item: MA1020084*

Book Question Number: 8

Standard: KY.HS.SP.8.b

Item Type: MC

Key: C

Student Group	Number of Students	Percent Correct	Average Item Score	Item Breakout Statistics - Answer Choice Options			
				A (%)	B (%)	C (%)	D (%)
All Students	25,544	52%	0.52	17%	18%	52%	14%
Gender							
Female	12,787	55%	0.55	15%	17%	55%	14%
Male	12,757	49%	0.49	19%	18%	49%	14%
Ethnicity							
African American	2,706	48%	0.48	15%	22%	48%	15%
American Indian or Alaska Native	30	47%	0.47	17%	17%	47%	20%
Asian	498	63%	0.63	16%	11%	63%	9%
Hispanic or Latino	2,344	50%	0.50	16%	20%	50%	14%
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	50	54%	0.54	6%	22%	54%	18%
White (non-Hispanic)	18,766	53%	0.53	17%	17%	53%	14%
Two or more races	1,149	48%	0.48	17%	19%	48%	15%
Migrant							
Migrant	76	49%	0.49	13%	22%	49%	16%
English Learner							
English Learner	1,053	44%	0.44	17%	22%	44%	16%
Economically Disadvantaged							
Economically Disadvantaged	14,490	50%	0.50	16%	19%	50%	15%
Students with Disabilities							
Students with Disabilities	1,403	44%	0.44	18%	22%	44%	16%

* Calculator section



Investing in Kentucky's Future, One Student at a Time